¿HOW CAN YOU DETECT IF A LINK IS MALICIOUS?

Cybercriminals use links in phishing emails to trick people into obtaining sensitive information.
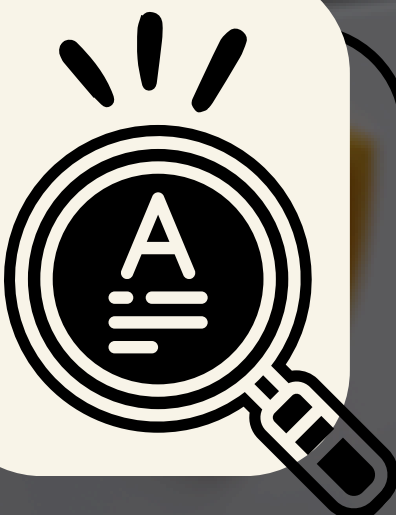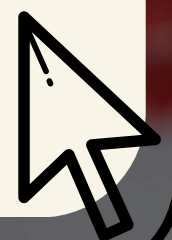
01. Shortened links

Shortened links can obscure the real destination and potentially lead to malicious sites. Think before you click.

02. Numbers

Numbers preceding a domain can be a warning sign of a phishing attempt or a malicious site. Their purpose is to hide the destination with numbers.

http://

03. Spelling mistakes

Minor spelling errors or omissions can be misleading and make you believe you are visiting the legitimate site you intend to visit.

Always check the link before opening it: check the sender, spelling, and full address.